

VEGAS FPGA mode documentation

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The modes selected for VEGAS are l8_lbw1, l8_lbw8, l1_lbw_1, h1k, h16k. Below are a rough guide to the shared memory and setup parameters.

Compilation of the FPGA designs was done with the 14.2 Xilinx tools, Matlab 2010b, and the ska-sa fork of the CASPER libraries.

Currently, in the repository (https://github.com/casper-astro/vegas_devel), the model files are under `mdls/<fpgadesign>`. For designs using black boxes, compilation instructions can be found in the READMEs, but the basic idea is that before running `casper_xps` on the primary design, it's required to open up the mdl file for the black box, open the System Generator block and click generate. This generates all the necessary files for the main design to compile using `casper_xps`.

The most up to date mdls used are listed below, along with their corresponding bof files. The scripts listed below have been used and tested in Berkeley and specific to that location, but do give an example of the process for configuring the FPGA designs. The general steps for running a design are:

1. HPC shared memory setup
2. Program the ROACH2 FPGA and configure it
3. Run the vegas data acquisition code.
4. Send a reset to the ROACH2 FPGA

HPC shared memory setup

The general nomenclature is:

```
setup_<mode>_<bandwidth>_<numchannels>.sh
```

There are a set of pre-configured scripts in `$VEGAS_DIR` that match the above nomenclature. Internally, they call the Python script `$VEGAS_DIR/bin/vegas_setup_shmem_lbw.py`, the usage of which is given below:

Usage: bin/vegas_setup_shmem_lbw.py [options]

-h	--help	Display this usage information
-a	--adcclk <value>	ADC clock rate in MHz
-s	--nsubband <value>	Number of sub-bands in data
-c	--nchan <value>	Number of channels
-g	--gpuint <value>	Integration time on GPU in ms
-t	--totint <value>	Total integration time in ms

Example - configuring shared memory for I8_lbw8, with ~23 MHz bandwidth per subband, dumping spectra every 2.5 ms:

```
vegas_setup_shmem_lbw.py -a 1500 -s 8 -c 4096 -g 2.5 -t 2.5
```

Program and configure the FPGA

** The SSG status bit order has changed from older versions to:

bit 3. BLANK

bit 2. SR1

bit 1. SR0

bit 0. (LSB) CAL

(See below for screenshot). Please see the READMEs in the corresponding mdls directories for more information.

Shared memory common to all designs:

sg_sync - manually send a sync pulse: 0b010100, 0b010101, 0b010101

arm - 0,1,0 - allows the next sync pulse to implement a reset

dest_ip - selects the destination IP address

dest_port - select the destination port

adcsnap0,1 - snap blocks of adc values

reset - sends a reset to 10gbe in case of overflow

trig - manual trigger for snap blocks

<https://casper.berkeley.edu/wiki/images/1/18/Ssgprogram.pdf>

I8_lbw8

note: I8_lbw8 uses the same bof file as I8_lbw1

* SSG status bit order is 3. BLANK 2. SR1 1. SR0 0. CAL

model files - mdl8/l8/l8_ver106.mdl, cichbcic_core.mdl, cichbcic_core.vhd,
cichbcic_core_config.m
boffile - bofs/l8_ver106_2013_Aug_25_2033.bof
configuration script - newscripts/l8_lb8/l8_lb8_conf.py
reset script - newscripts/l8_lb8/l8_lb8_reset.py
HPC binary - src/vegas_hpc/bin/vegas_hpc_lb8

l8 FPGA design -

snap blocks -

filtersnap

adcsnap0 - snapshot of adc 0, requires manual trigger and valid

adcsnap1 - snapshot of adc 1, requires manual trigger and valid

software registers -

mode_sel - 0 (select between l8_lb8 and l8_lb1 when the value is set to 1, the design will transmit all 8 subband)

sN_mixer_cnt ($N = 0\sim7$): set upper limit for the fraction of brams to be used. (see mixercic_funcs.py)

brams -

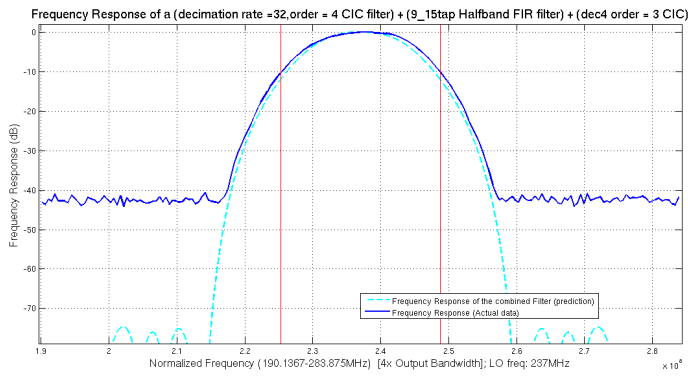
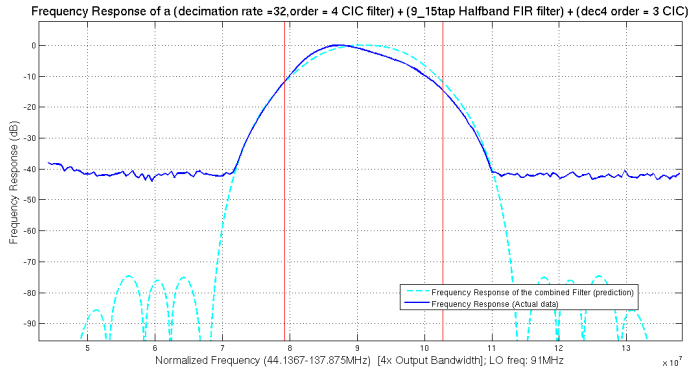
sN_lo_m ($N = 0\sim7, m = 0\sim15$): mixer brams (see mixercic_funcs.py)

note - mixerX_cnt on top level aren't being used any longer, so need to be removed.

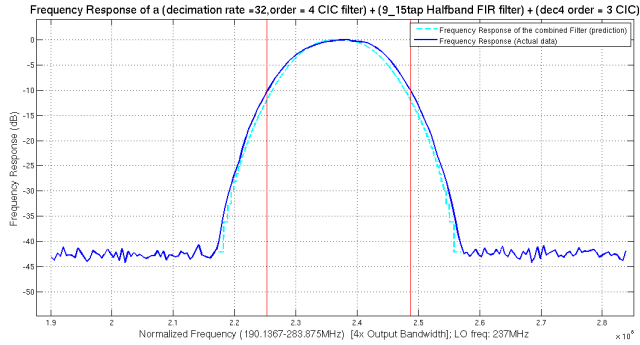
--Digital gain

For the l8 modes (l8_lb1 and l8_lb8) we have gain for each of the pols and the software registers are buried in the subband blocks. They should be labelled s[1-8]_quant_gain[1-2], where 1-8 is for each of the subbands, and 1-2 are the pols. After the gain, we slice off the top 8 bits of the 32 bit real and 32 bit imag values. The script we have in vegas_devel/scripts/l8_lb1_lb8/mixer_funcs.py sets the gains in the design and would be a good reference.

Frequency Response (also for l8_lb1)



halfband coefficients quantized to FIX16_14 (as in the model files)
 final response quantized to 8 bits (as in the hardware)



I8_lb1

Clocked at 192MHz

model files - mdls/l8/l8_ver106.mdl, cichbcic_core.mdl, cichbcic_core.vhd, cichbcic_core_config.m

bofile - bofs/l8_ver106_2013_Aug_25_2033.bof

configuration script - newscripts/l8_lb1/l8_lb1_conf.py

reset script - newscripts/l8_lb1/l8_lb1_reset.py

HPC binary - src/vegas_hpc/bin/vegas_hpc_lb1

snap blocks -

filtersnap

adcsnap0 - snapshot of adc 0, requires manual trigger and valid

adcsnap1 - snapshot of adc 1, requires manual trigger and valid

software registers -

mode_sel - 1 (select between I8_lb1 and I8_lb8; when the value is set to 1, the design will transmit 1 subband)

sN_mixer_cnt ($N = 0 \sim 7$): set upper limit for the fraction of brams to be used. (see mixercic_funcs.py)

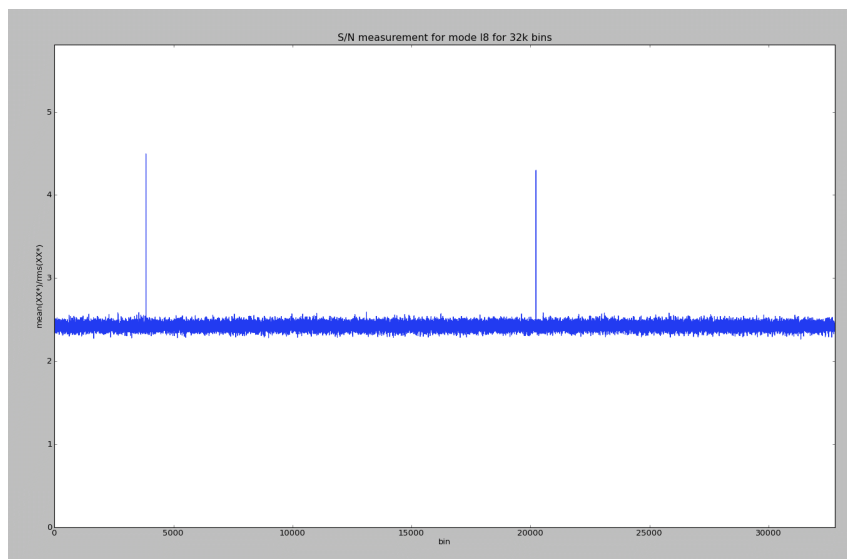
brams -

sN_lo_m ($N = 0\sim7$, $m = 0\sim15$): mixer brams (see mixercic_funcs.py)

note: the mixerX_cnt on top level aren't being used any longer, so still need to be removed.

SSG (Switching Signal Generator) - The SSG is the same for all modes and is documented here: <https://casper.berkeley.edu/wiki/images/1/18/Ssgprogram.pdf>

S/N (.5ms integration)



I1_lbW1

This design mixes by 4/16 of the adc clock freq, decimates by 8 on the FPGA, and performs the PFB in the GPU. Clocking the ADC at 1500MHz gives an effective bandwidth 656.25 to 843.75.

The current boffile targeted 192MHz.

model file - mdlsl1/l1_ver106.mdl

boffile - bofs/l1_ver106_2013_Aug_24_1324.bof

configuration script - scripts/l1_lbwl1/l1_lbwl1_conf.py

reset script - scripts/l1_lbwl1/l1_lbwl1_reset.py

HPC binary - src/vegas_hpc/bin/vegas_hpc_lbwl

snap blocks -

filtersnap0 - snap block after pol0 decimating filter and bit selection

filtersnap0_nogain - snap block after pol0 decimating filter, but before gain and bit selection

filtersnap1 - snap block after pol1 decimating filter and bit selection

filtersnap1_nogain - snap block after pol1 decimating filter, but before gain and bit selection

rshpsnap - snap block after the reshaper

packsnap - snap block after the packetizer

software registers -

gain - sets gain after the decimating filter

sg_sync - manually send a sync pulse: 0b010100, 0b010101, 0b010101

sg_period - this does not need to be set for mode l1

reset - only used to manually reset the 10 GbE in mode l1

trig - this is used to manually trigger all the snap blocks in the design

arm - 0,1,0 - allows the next sync pulse to implement a reset

gbe0_overflow - 1 if the 10GbE buffer is overflowing, 0 otherwise.

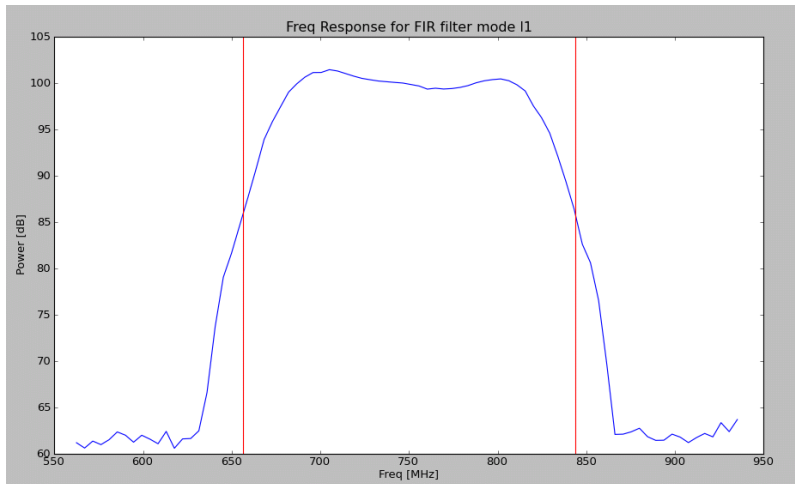
mixer_addr - this register is not used in the l1 more and can be ignored.

dest_ip - destination IP

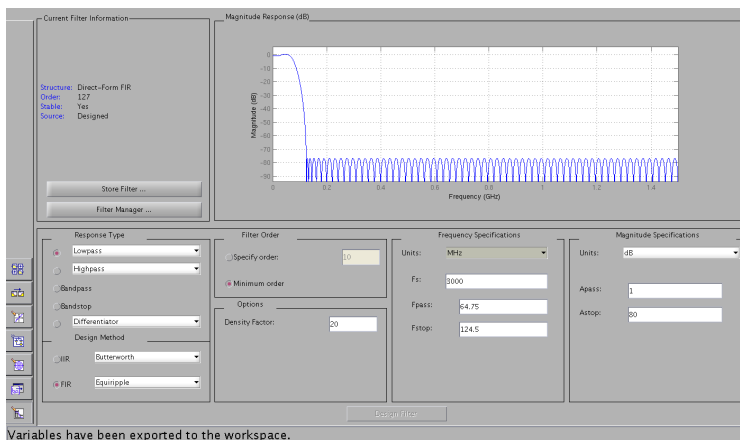
dest_port - destination port

SSG (Switching Signal Generator) - The SSG is the same for all modes and is documented here: <https://casper.berkeley.edu/wiki/images/1/18/Ssgprogram.pdf>

Frequency Response for the decimating filter:



Theoretical frequency response using FDA tool:



Digital Gain --

After digital filtering for FPGA design I1, we take the product of a software register 'gain' and the real and imag values, then select off the top 8 bits and output to a 16bit complex value. So for I1, the digital downconverter outputs a 64bit complex number. We separate the 32 bit real and 32 imaginary parts, multiply them by the gain, and output them as a 16bit complex value, with an 8bit real, and 8 bit imaginary parts.

h1k

model files - mdl/h1k/h1k_ver103.mdl, fft11_bb.mdl, fft11_bb.vhd, fft11_bb_config.m,

pfb4t11_bb.mdl, pfb4t11_bb.vhd, pfb4t11_bb_config.m

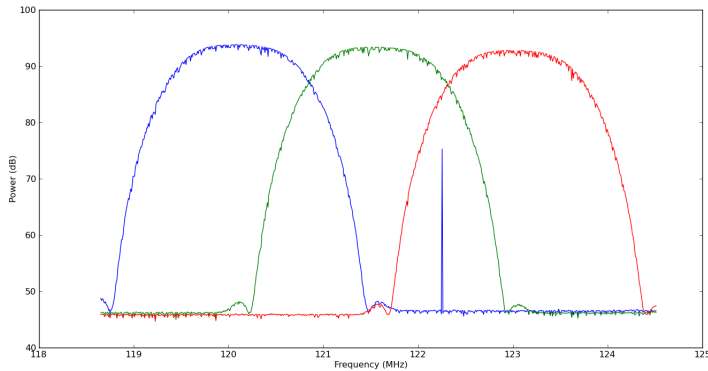
boffile - bofs/h1k_ver103_2013_Aug_24_1500.bof

configuration script - scripts/h1k_hbw_conf.py

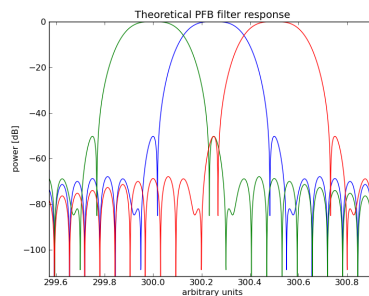
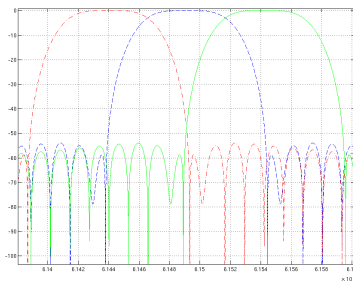
reset script - scripts/h1k_hbw_reset.py

HPC binary - src/vegas_hpc/bin/vegas_hpc_hbw

PFB bin response:



We decided to use the -6dB response filter as it seems to have better adjacent band rejection and lower sidelobe levels. Below are the theoretical plots:



h16k

model files - mdl/h16k/h16k_ver103.mdl, fftwbr_core.mdl, fftwbr_core.vhd, fftwbr_core_config.m, pfbfirr_core.mdl, pfbfirr_core.vhd, pfbfirr_core_config.m

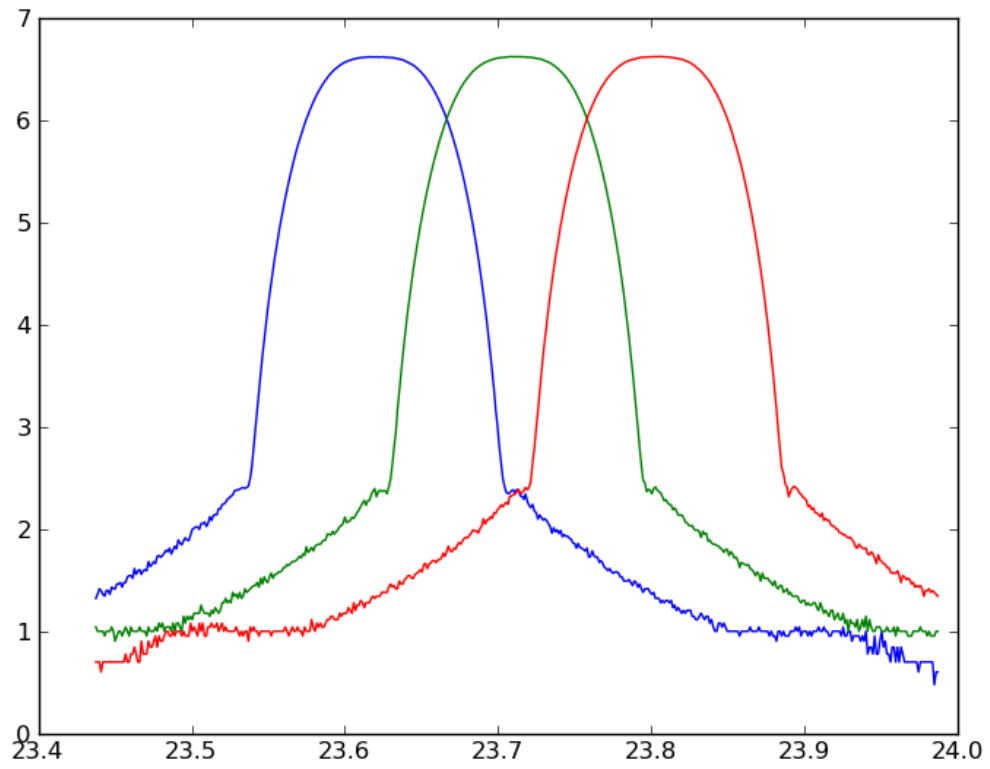
boffile - h16k_ver103_2013_Aug_24_1630.bof

configuration script - scripts/h16k_hbw/h16k_hbw_conf.py

reset script - scripts/h16k_hbw/h16k_hbw_reset.py

HPC binary - src/vegas_hpc/bin/vegas_hpc_hbw

PFB bin response:



SSG

Link to SSG specifications:

<https://casper.berkeley.edu/wiki/images/1/18/Ssgprogram.pdf>

